



PINEMAP DSS & MACA updates

Heather Dinon Aldridge, Corey Davis,
Ryan Boyles

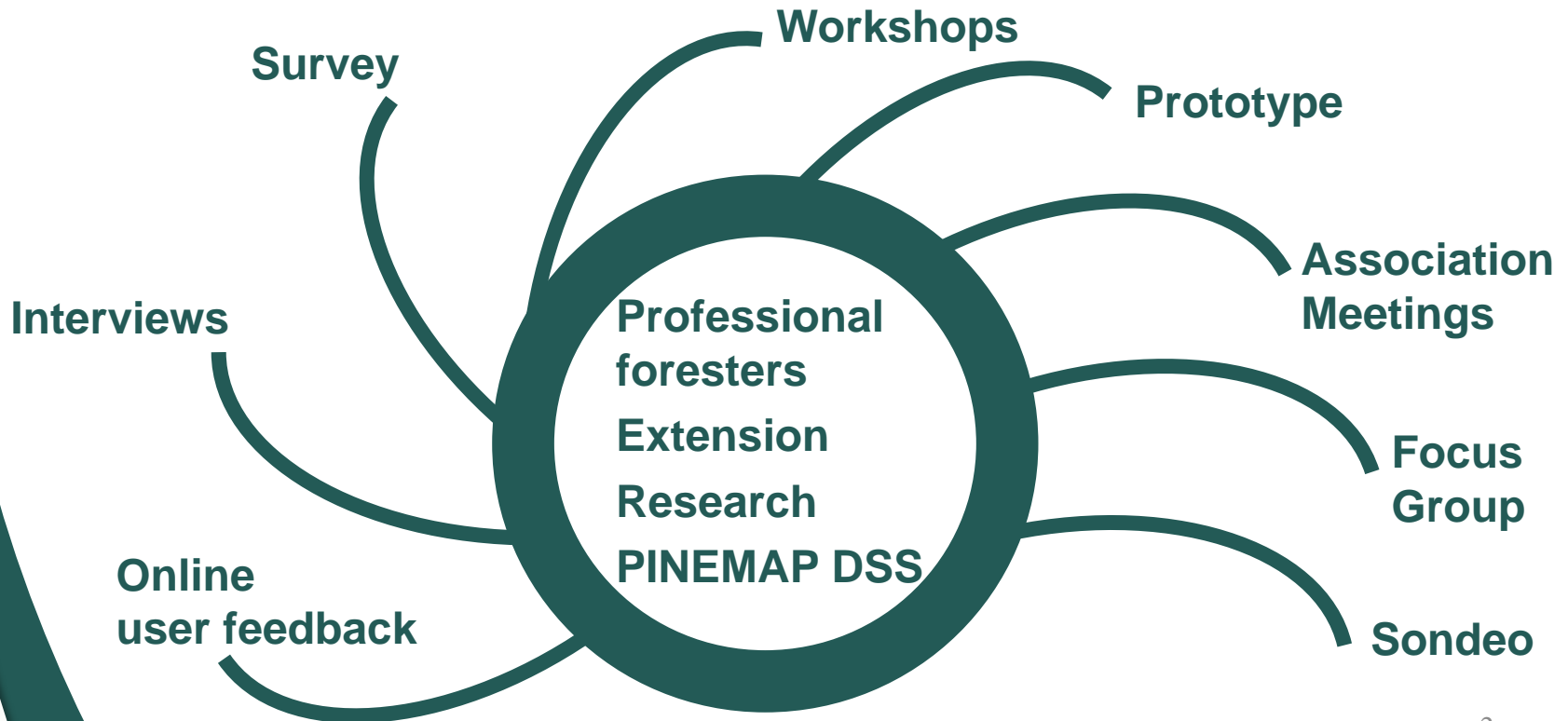
PINEMAP Annual Meeting | June 3, 2015



What are we doing and why?

- PINEMAP DSS: version 3 (iterative process)

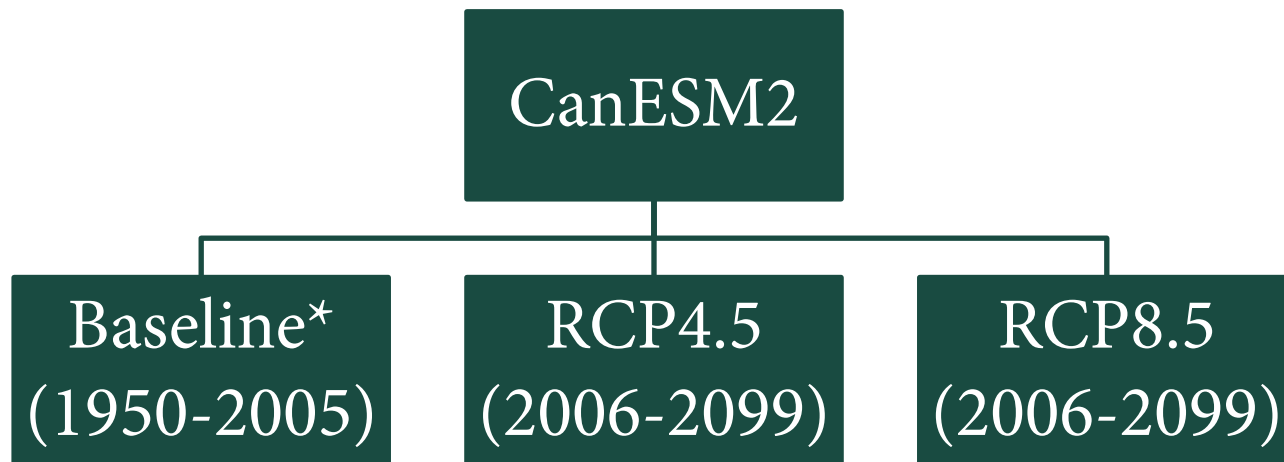
SECC multi-feedback loop model:





What are we doing and why?

- Multivariate Adaptive Constructed Analogs (MACA) Downscaled Climate Data
 - Statistical downscaling method – daily data
 - 20 different GCMs used by IPCC 5th Assessment



*not actual observations (see email from Tim)



What are we doing and why?

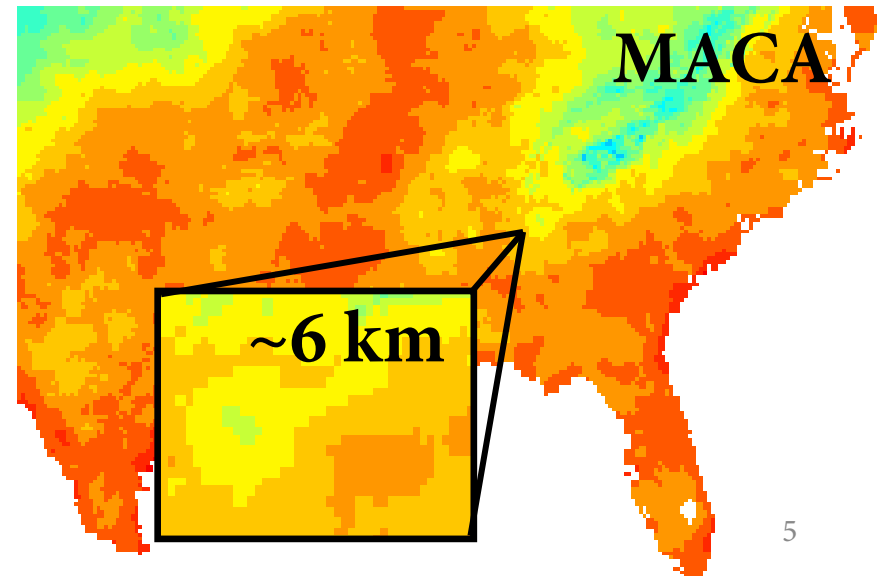
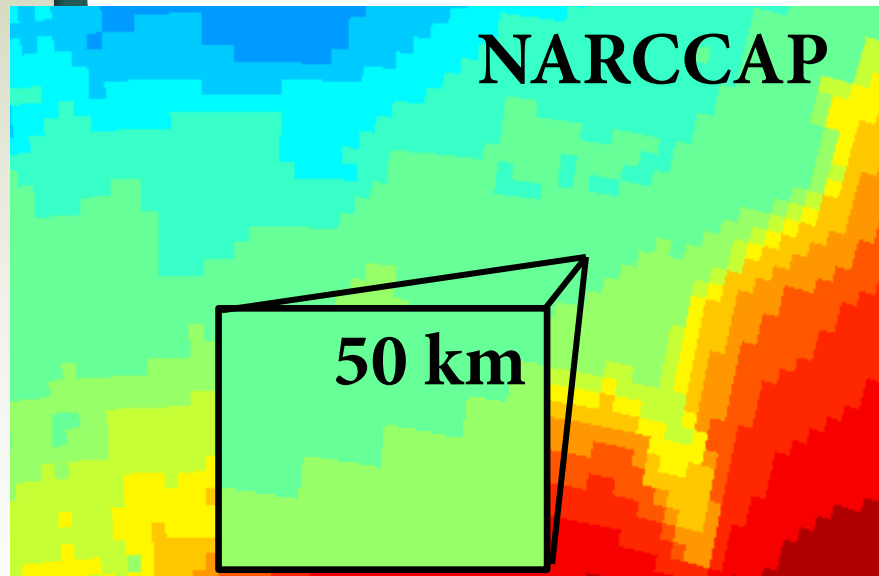
- Multivariate Adaptive Constructed Analogs (MACA)

Climate Projections	Spatial Resolution	Temporal Resolution	Future Periods
NARCCAP	50 km	Monthly	2041-2070
MACA	~ 6 km	Daily	2006-2099



What are we doing and why?

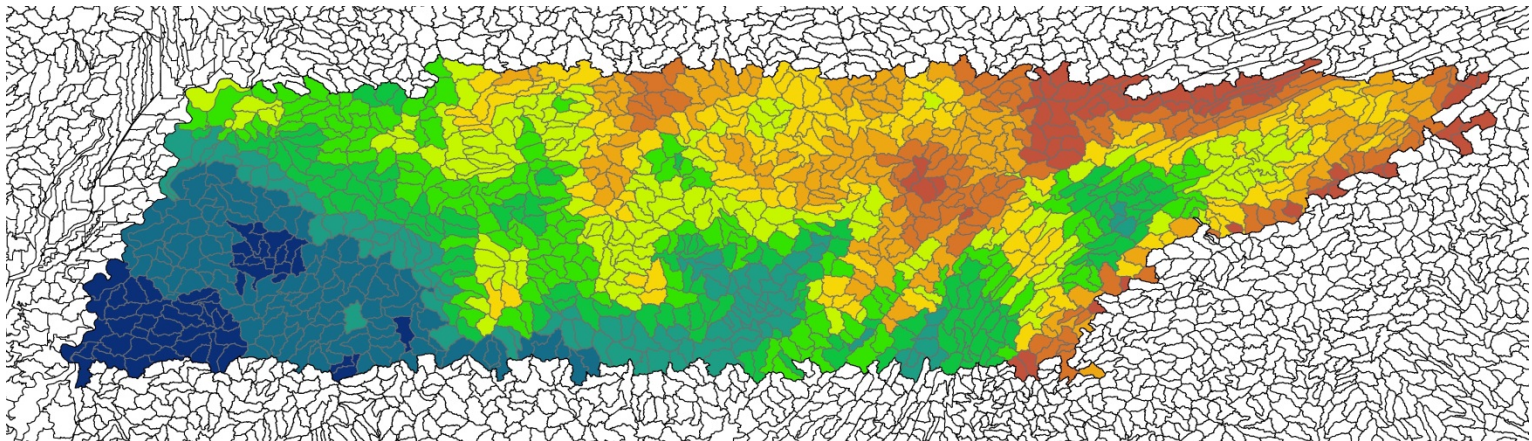
- Variables:
 - *mean wind speed*
 - *mean specific humidity*
 - *surface downwelling shortwave radiation*
 - accumulated precip
 - min/max air temp
- Example -- spatial resolution differences:





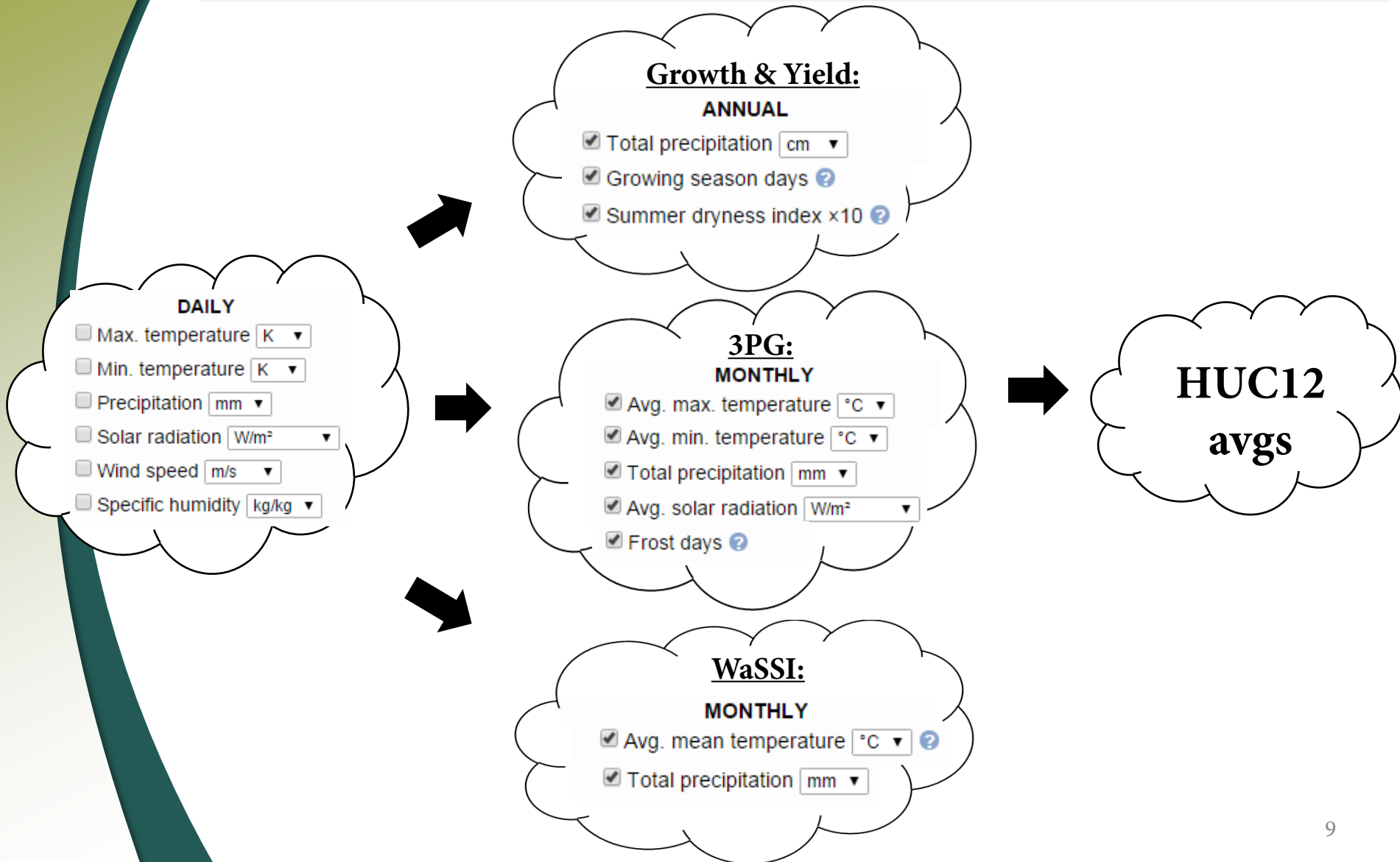
Status Update

- MACA data generated to meet modeler needs
- Why? Wanted dataset to have consistent computation to HUC12 and other calculations
 - Customized formatting for each model





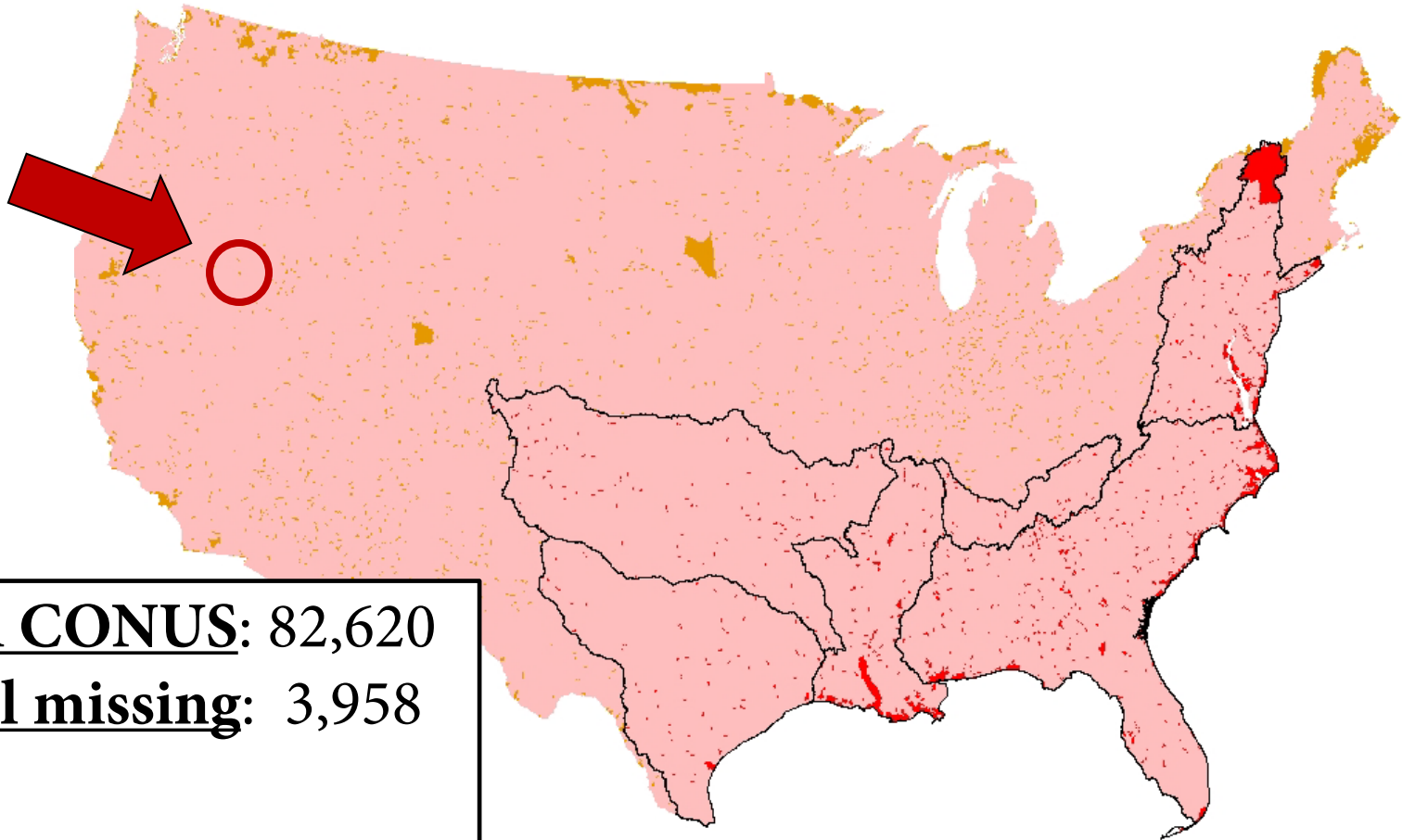
Modeling Needs





Status Update

- Another hiccup: missing HUC12 avgs due to centroid methodology

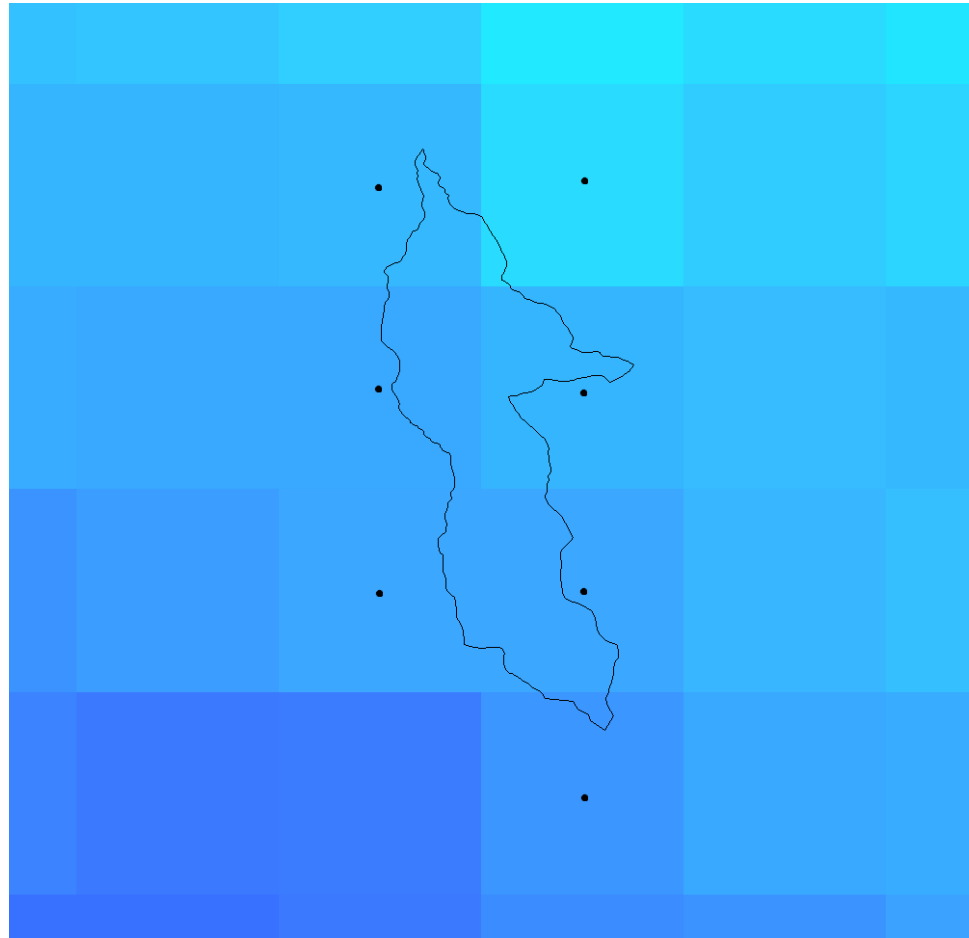


Total CONUS: 82,620
Total missing: 3,958



Status Update

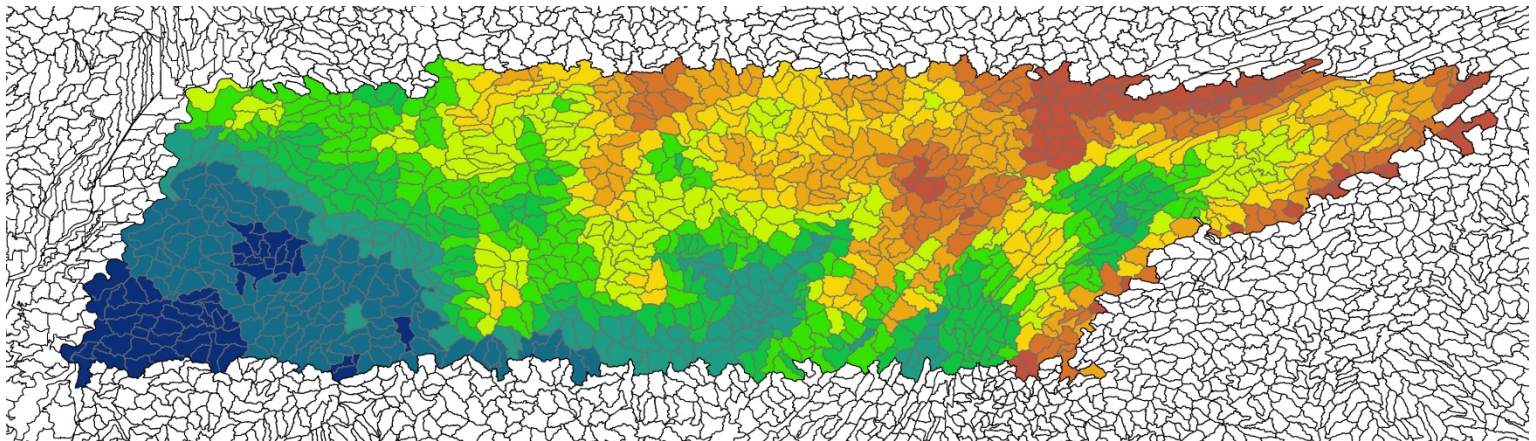
- Centroid methodology “misses” small HUC12s



- Solution: weighted average methodology

Status Update

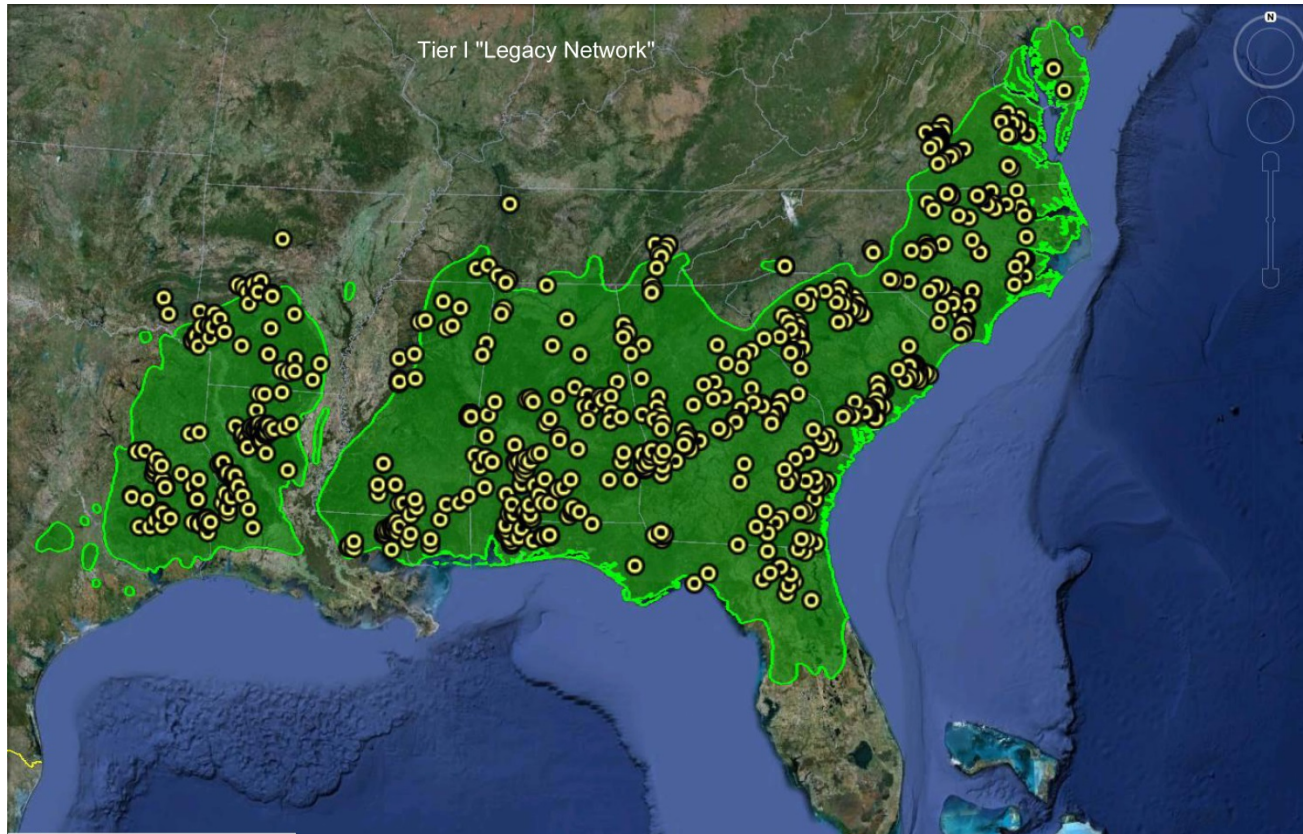
- Regional modeling
 - 3PG (all PINEMAP states done)
 - G&Y (all PINEMAP states done)
 - WaSSI (CONUS done)





Status Update

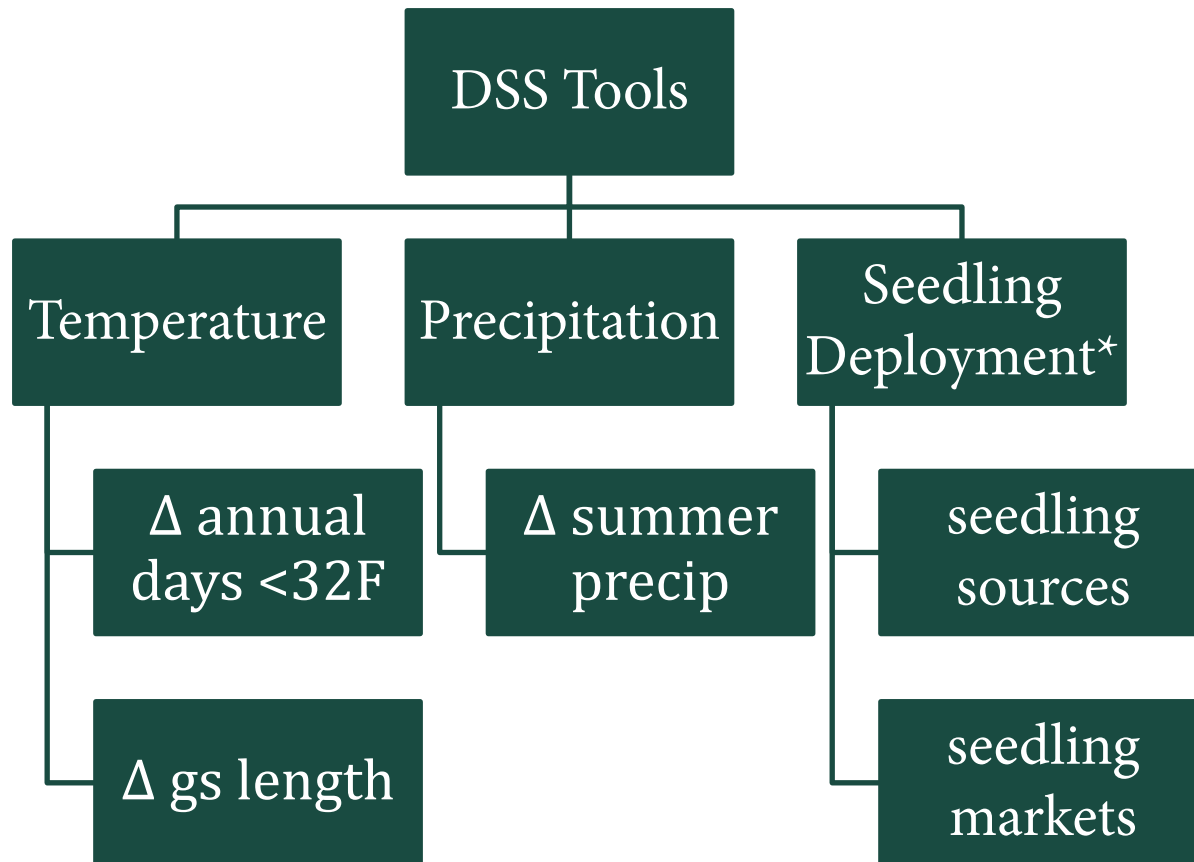
- Tier extractions: daily time step
 - Tiers 1-3 (~850 total) & 36 3PG validation sites
 - Min/max temp, precip, wind speed, specific humidity, solar radiation





Status Update

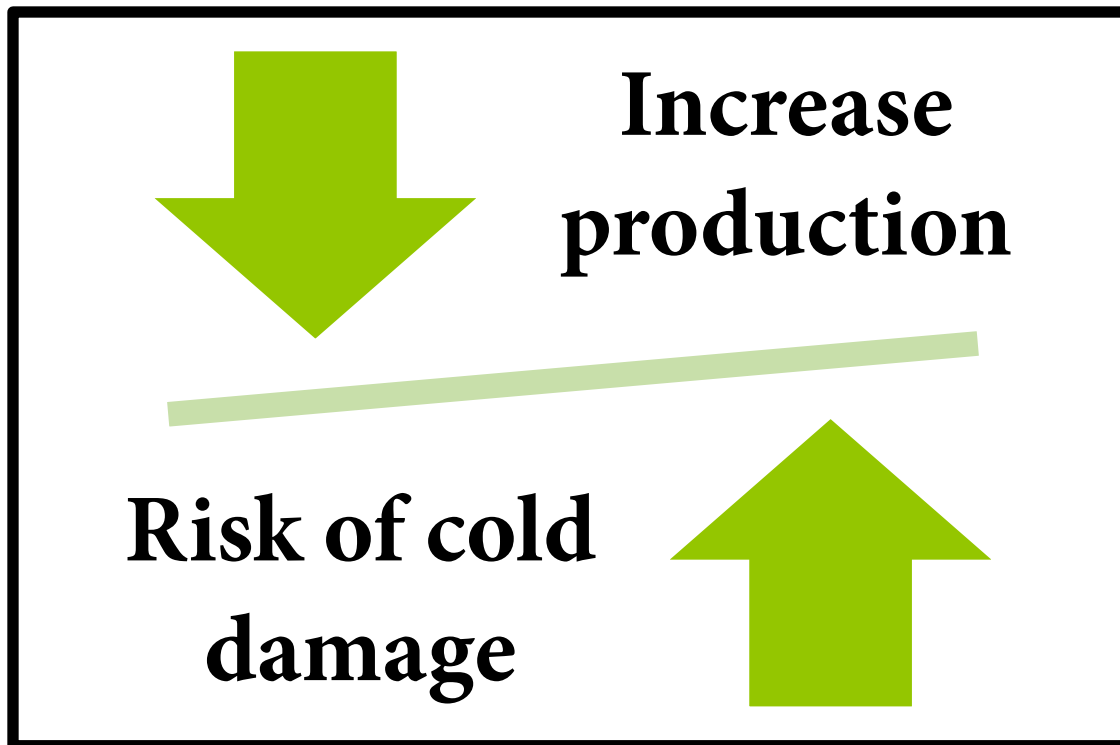
- PINEMAP customized data requests and...





Seedling Deployment Tools: Background

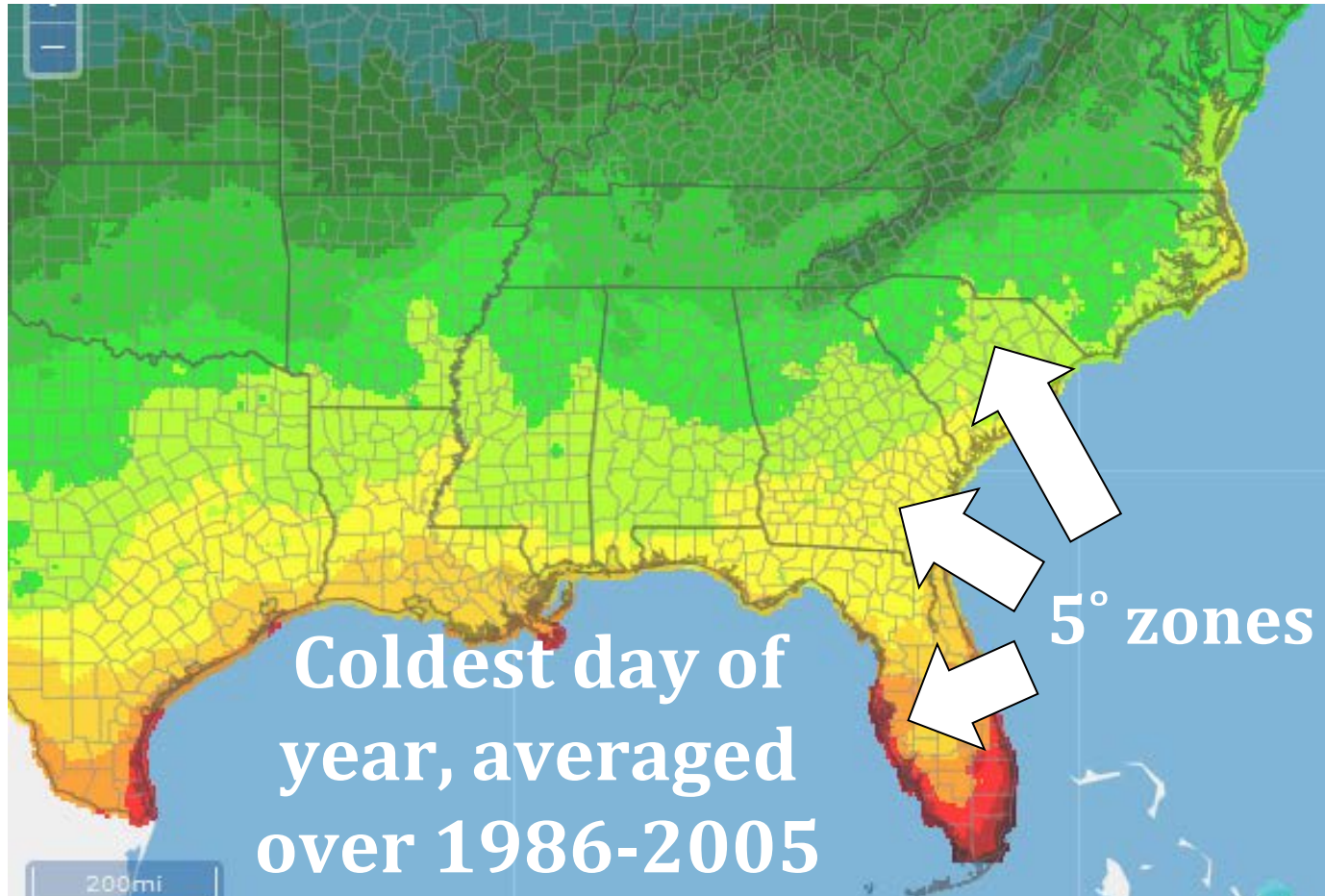
- Goal: enable foresters to better match seed sources with future climates to increase and optimize productivity
- Builds on Schmidting's guidelines, USDA Hardiness Zones





Seedling Deployment Tools: Background

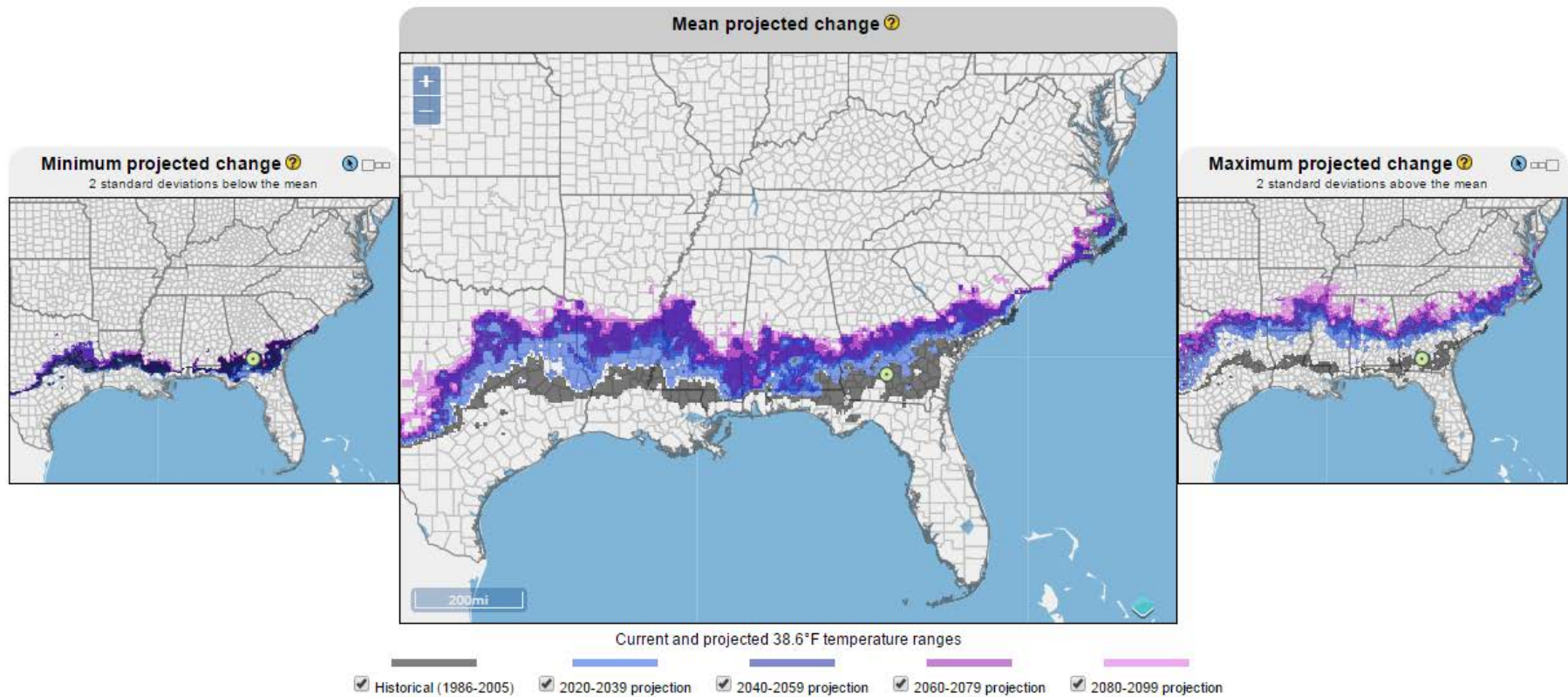
- Builds on Schmidtling's guidelines, USDA Hardiness Zones
Historical average annual minimum temperature, in °F (1986 to 2005)





Seedling Deployment Tools: Background

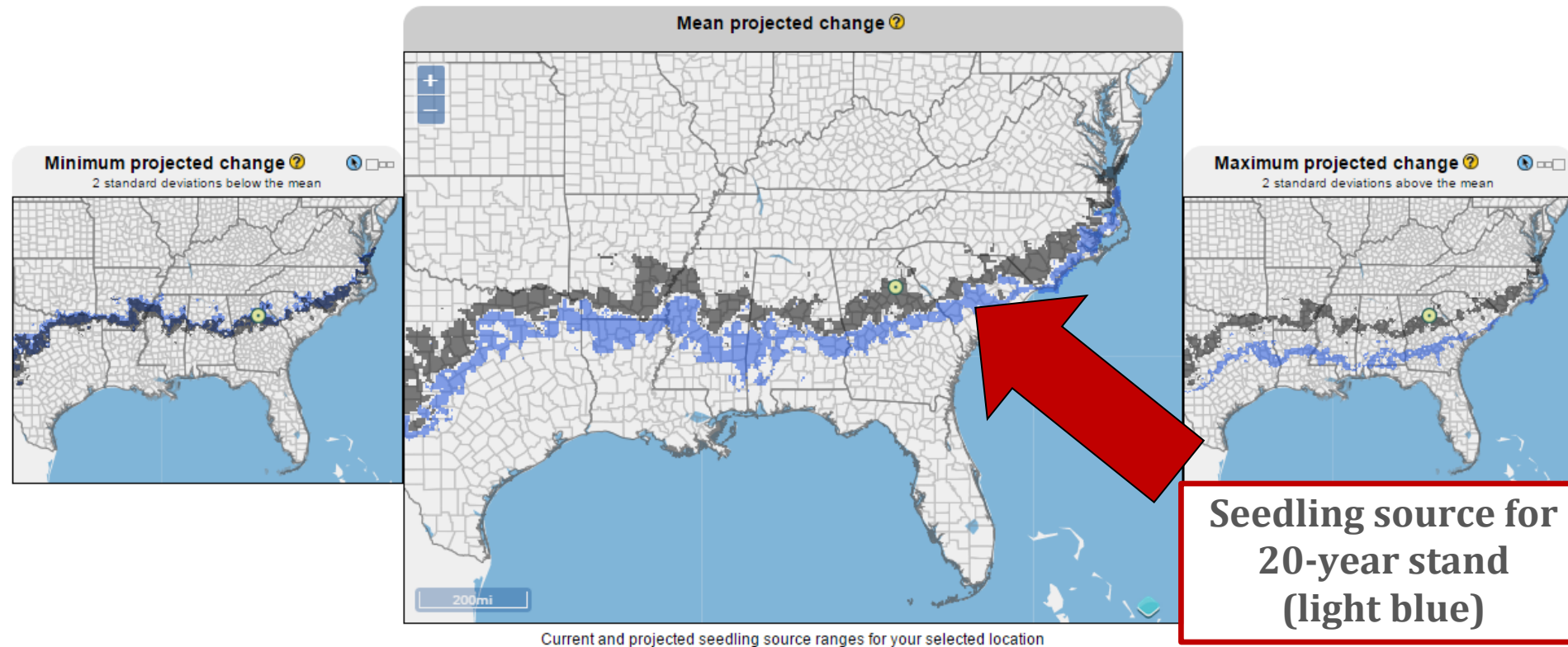
- Seedling markets tool: nurseries can see where current seed may be most effective in the future
- What does it show?
 - projected migration of historical location-specific isotherm for 20yr future periods, e.g. 2020-2039





Seedling Deployment Tools: Background

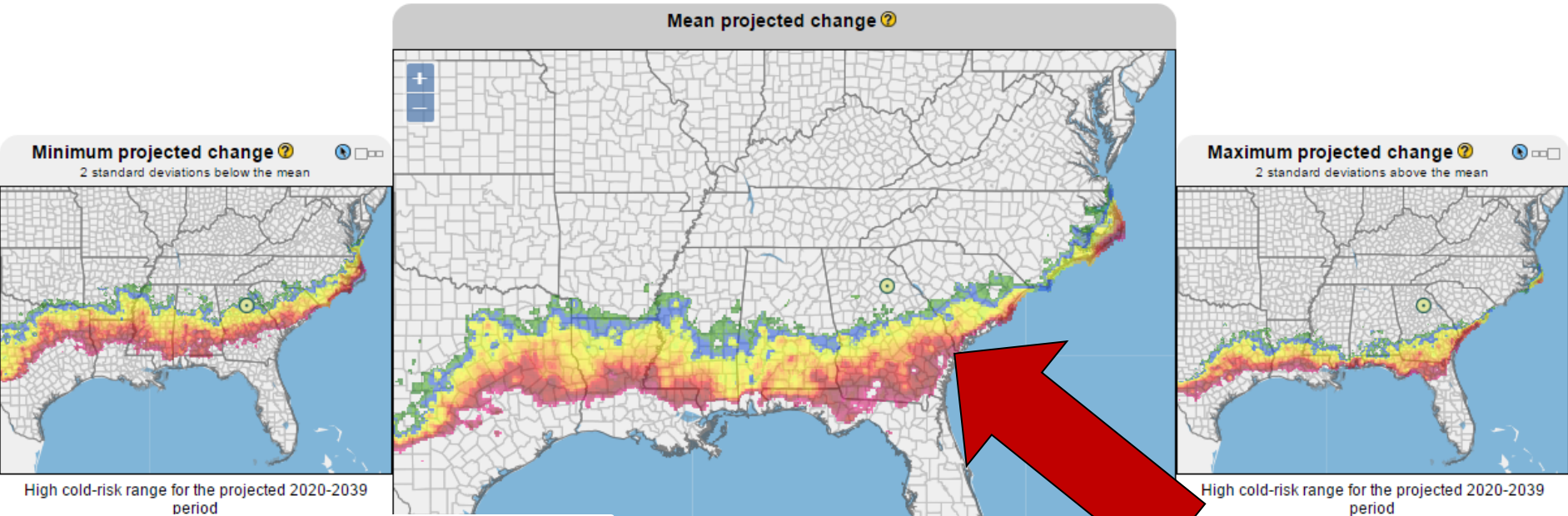
- Seedling sources tool: local growers can see where they could pull seedlings from for their site in the future
- What does it mean?
 - Over a 20-year stand, current temp of light blue band will migrate to Athens so may want to consider pulling from there





Seedling Deployment Tools: Background

- Ability to visualize risk
 - Display temperature range (5°) around any isotherm



Why + 5°? Schmidling says good balance: ↑ growth & ↓ negative effects from less cold tolerance

Seedling source for 20-year stand (light blue -1° to +5°)

High cold-risk range for the projected 2020-2039 period

4°F 35°F 36°F 37°F 38°F 39°F 40°F

projected seedling source ranges for your selected location

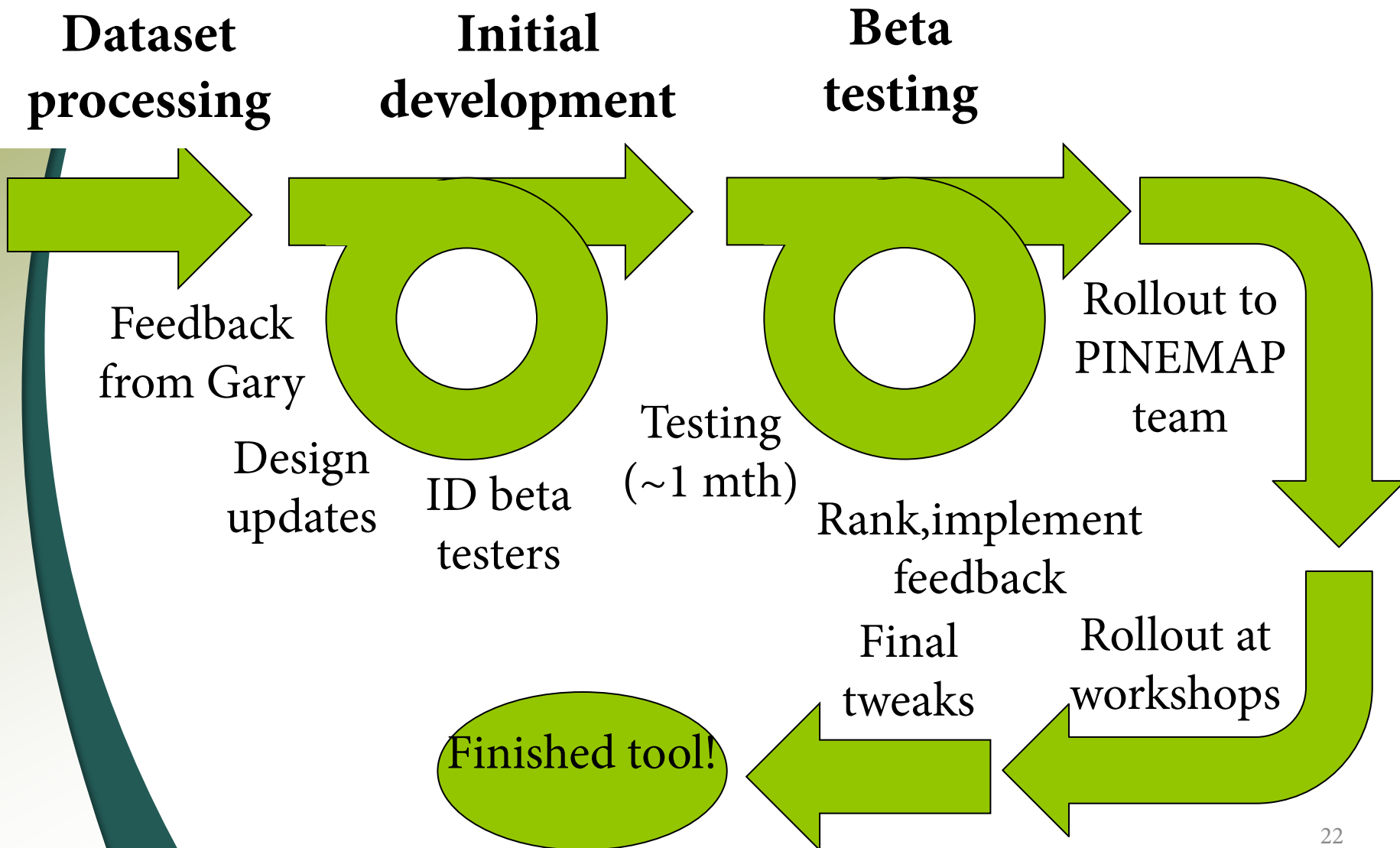
Seedling source for a 20-year stand (show details) | Seedling source for a 40-year stand (show details) | Seedling source for a 60-year stand (show details) | Seedling source for an 80-year stand (show details)

temperatures for 20-year stands based on the projected 2020-2039 period

Minimum projection: 32.5°F Mean projection: 34.9°F Maximum projection: 37.2°F



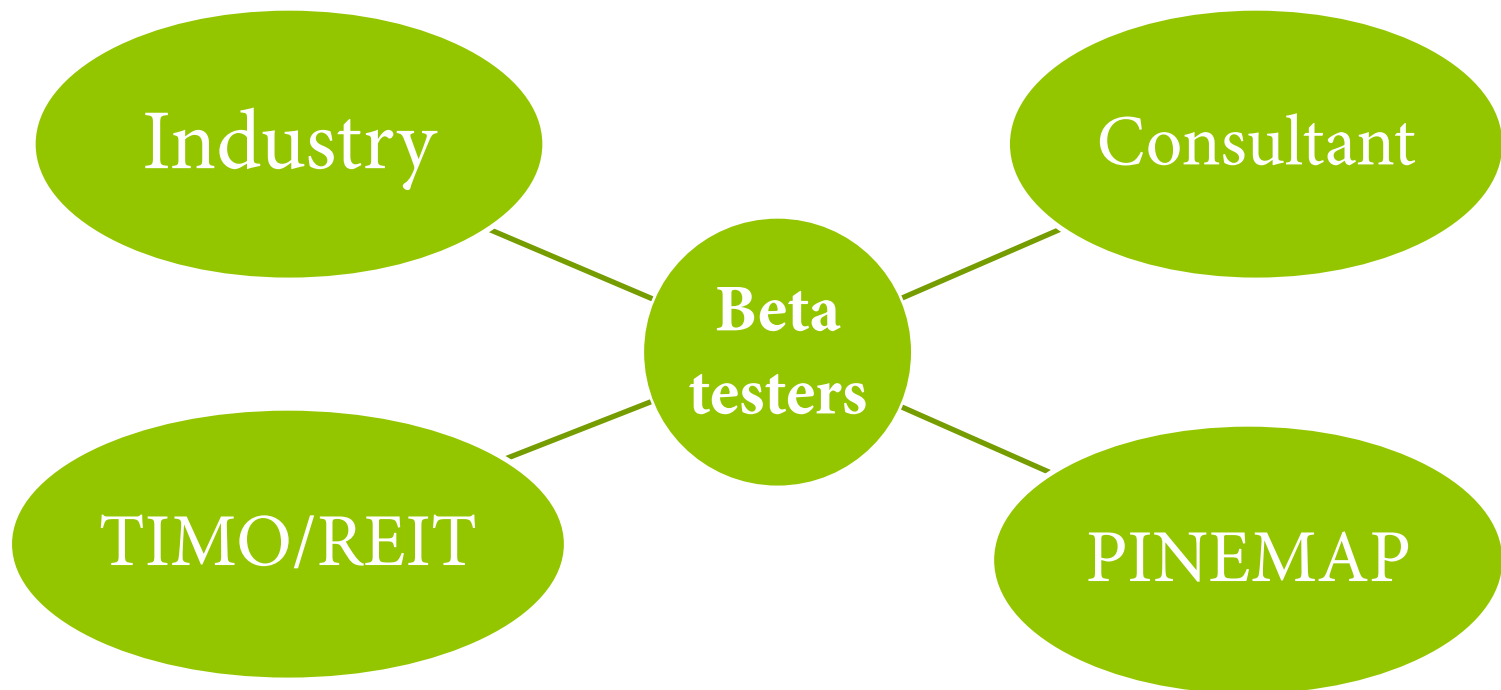
DSS Tool Development Process





Seedling Deployment Tools: Beta Testing

- Partnered with Gary, Tim, and Eric T to identify core group of beta testers



Thanks to Steve McNulty, Martha Monroe, Mark Megalos, John Hastings, and Ross Whetten!



Seedling Deployment Tools: Beta Testing

- First step: independent exploration (~2 weeks)
 - Work through scenario(s)
 - Submit feedback via short survey

“Was the wording unclear in any of the tooltips?”

“Was it clear that you could click the map titles to enlarge them?”

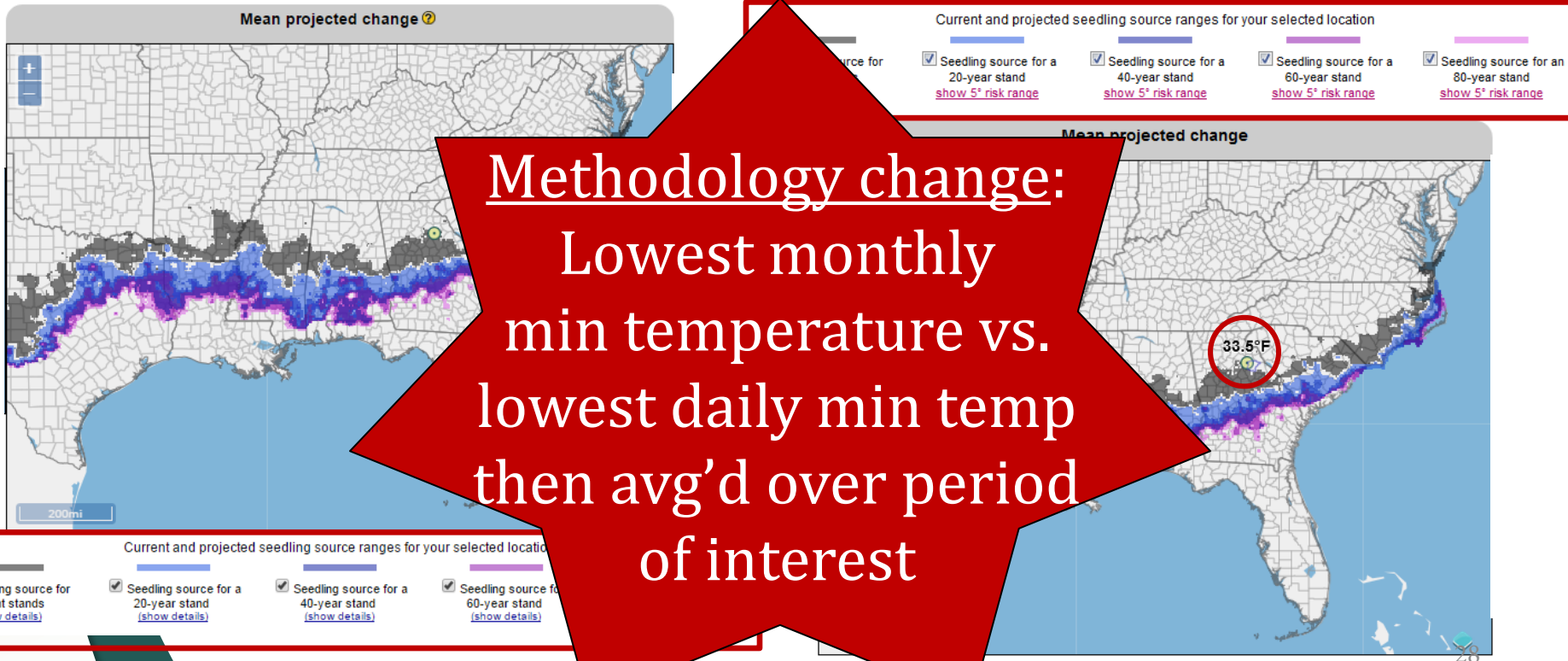
“Were the risk ranges helpful at assessing cold damage risk?”

- Received feedback from 7 beta testers
 - Diverse group, common feedback



Seedling Deployment Tools: Beta Testing

- Second step: small group calls (~1 hour)
 - Discuss common concerns or misconceptions
- Third step: developers implement changes





Seedling Deployment Tools: Beta Testing

- Fourth step: roll-out to full PINEMAP team (today)
- Fifth step: follow-up with breeders at Southern Tree Improvement Conference (next week)





Live Demo



Be thinking about...

- How will your dataset(s) fit into the 3 map layout?
- Who would be your beta testers?
- Who will be your “Gary” (our contact) for your output?

**Meet with us during
the poster session!**



Next steps

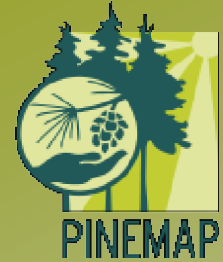
- “Final” seedling deployment tools
- Climate risk and opportunity tools: development & beta testing
- Regional model integration: what is/will be available?
- Assess tools/info for market change inclusion





Next steps

- Website language/design feedback from Aim 6
- Regional modeling output: integrate & identify beta testers
- Beta testing regional modeling output
- Other tools: hurricane risk, fire risk, SPB/density mgmt
- Roll out DSS to target audiences (Fall 2015)



Heather Dinon Aldridge

hadinon@ncsu.edu

<http://www.nc-climate.ncsu.edu>

919-513-0244